

Further misbranding, Section 502 (a), the name "Blake's Mineral Compound" and the representations on the label that the declared ingredients were active, coupled with the directions for use, were false and misleading. The name and the representations suggested that the article furnished essential minerals required by sheep and cattle. However, ammonium chloride and sodium sulfate, two of the declared active ingredients, are not required by sheep and cattle; tobacco powder is not a mineral; and, when used as directed, the article would furnish inconsequential nutritional amounts of potassium chlorate and calcium carbonate.

DISPOSITION: July 21, 1952. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

3819. Misbranding of Nico tablets. U. S. v. 231 Packages, etc. (F. D. C. No. 33199. Sample No. 33674-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 15, 1952, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 24, 1951, from Kansas City, Mo., to Fidelity Laboratories, Inc., Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: *Nico tablets*. 231 100-tablet packages, 7 50-tablet packages, 1 100-tablet bottle, and 49 50-tablet bottles at Chicago, Ill.

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: The tablets were shipped in bulk, and upon receipt by the consignee, were repackaged into the above-mentioned packages and bottles.

LABEL, IN PART: (Package and bottle) "Nico Tablets (Sheep) For Treatment of Sheep and Goats against large round worms. Contains: Copper Sulfate . . . 6.0 grs. Nicotine Sulfate . . . 1.0 gr. Kaolin.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "For Treatment of Sheep and Goats against large round worms" was false and misleading since the article was not effective in the treatment of large round worms in sheep and goats. The article was misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: September 24, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

DRUG ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FAILURE TO BEAR A LABEL CONTAINING AN ACCURATE STATEMENT OF THE QUANTITY OF THE CONTENTS

3820. Misbranding of elixir terpin hydrate and codeine. U. S. v. Purepac Corp. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$250. (F. D. C. No. 19552. Sample No. 7605-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: July 17, 1946, Southern District of New York, against the Purepac Corp., New York, N. Y.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 11, 1945, from the State of New York into the State of New Jersey.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (b) (2), the labels of the article failed to bear an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents. The labels on the bottles containing the article bore the statement "Two Fluid Ounces," whereas the bottles contained less than 2 fluid ounces.

DISPOSITION: July 18, 1952. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$250.